



THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 1, 1894.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1, 1894.

The President received the news of the Russian Emperor's death through the medium of a United Press bulletin sent over a private wire to the White House. Private Secretary Thurber took the bulletin to Mr. Cleveland, who was not surprised at the information, as he had kept himself fully informed of the progress of the Russian ruler's illness. As soon as the State Department receives official news of the sad event, Secretary Gresham will send a cable message to M. de Giers, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, conveying to the family of the Emperor and to the Russian people the sympathy of the President and the United States government. There will be no formal ceremonies in honor of the Russian Emperor's memory, except such as Prince Cantacuzene, the Russian Minister, may think proper. There is no church of the Greek faith in Washington, and therefore memorial services, such as were held here on the funeral of the assassinated President of France, cannot take place. The death of the Russian Emperor will, it is understood, postpone the marriage of the Crown Prince to the Princess Alix for at least one year, which will constitute the household period of mourning. The coronation of the new Emperor will not, it is understood, occur before the next twelve months, and it may be delayed a year longer. The late Emperor was not crowned until two years after his father's death, and the latter also waited a similar period after his accession to the throne.

Judge Hughes of the U. S. Court for the eastern district of Virginia arrived here yesterday but left to-day for Norfolk. He is of the opinion that Boreland, the republican candidate for Congress in the Norfolk district, will be elected.

A well-informed newspaper correspondent of this city, who has just returned from his summer's vacation in Pennsylvania, says he doesn't think the democrats will lose any Congressmen there at the coming election, and that if the election were a month off, the defeat of Mr. Singlerly, the democratic candidate for Governor, would be by no means sure.

The President today appointed Jas. F. Connolly of New Jersey collector of internal revenue for the 5th New Jersey district, on Senator Smith's endorsement. Attorney General Olney to day appointed John G. Capers of South Carolina assistant attorney general in the Department of Justice at \$2,000 per year.

Owing to the large negro population of Alexandria county, the republican majority there, when party lines are drawn, has usually been two or three hundred; but unless the white people of the county, republicans and democrats alike, are greatly deceived, Mr. Meredith will get a majority there next Tuesday. That he will is the firm belief of such well-informed residents of the county as Supervisors Hume and Phillips, School Superintendent Clements, and Commonwealth's Attorney Johnson.

Work at both the political headquarters here has been practically completed, and though visitors continue to call there, it is merely for the purpose of talking, and none of them know any more about the result of the coming election than can be found in the newspapers. At republican headquarters it is said that Morton and Strong will be elected by overwhelming majorities, and that there will be a large republican majority in the next House. At democratic headquarters firm faith is expressed in the election of Hill and Grant, and of a sufficient working majority in the lower branch of Congress. It is agreed at both that the populists will have fewer men in the next House than they have in the present one.

President Cleveland went on his morning shooting trip, going to a point 15 miles from Georgetown. Charles Loeffler, his messenger, accompanies him. The Treasury statement, issued this afternoon, shows a deficit for the month of October of about \$14,000,000 and for the fiscal year of \$15,000,000 as against \$25,000,000 for the corresponding period last year. The customs receipts for October, 1894, exceeded the same class of receipts in October, 1893.

Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. John Daniel's successor as chief clerk of the tax collector's office of this city, went on today. Senators Hutton and Daniel of Virginia and Representative Henderson of North Carolina wrote strong letters to the District Commissioners in Mr. Daniel's behalf, but as he was not a favorite of Mr. Davis, the collector, and as the latter is a favorite of one of the commissioners, Mr. Daniel, a former Alexandrian, had to go.

Secretaries Lamont and Herbert agree that there shall be no games of football between Annapolis and West Point this year.

Mr. John Wise, of New York, escorted by ex-Congressman Brady of Virginia, called at republican headquarters yesterday. Mr. Wise said he knew nothing about the political condition of Virginia, but that the republicans would submerge the democrats in New York.

A New York gambler, here last week, who wagered large sums in this city on Morton's election in New York, after a short trip to that city, returned night before last and immediately commenced to hedge.

According to the monthly report of the comptroller of the currency issued to-day, the condition of the banks is much better than it was at this time last year.

Held Up and Robbed.

CLINTON, Iowa, Nov. 1.—At East Clinton last night, sixteen men, some of them tramps and others who had been at work saving their money and beating they way home, were in a box-car. There was a rap for admission, and those inside opened the door. On the outside were four masked men armed with pistols and dark lanterns. Two of the men entered the car and made the occupants throw up their hands and stand in line. While one of them held the gun his companion went through the outfit and secured \$400 in cash and two watches.

It was announced last night that Charles Wilkinson, the recognized social leader, Sunday school superintendent, and president of the Y. M. C. A. in Huntington, W. Va., is a defaulter. He has been assistant cashier of the First National Bank for five years. A week ago he resigned, ostensibly to take a better position in Cincinnati, and a warrant was issued for his arrest, charging him with stealing \$10,000.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The small-pox has been stamped out in Washington.

The President has issued a proclamation setting apart Thursday, November 29, as a day of thanksgiving.

Refugee nihilists in Switzerland and England are circulating a paper containing their expressions of joy at the approaching end of the Czar.

A fruit steamer brought to Baltimore from Jamaica yesterday 11,936 bunches of bananas and 100 packages of oranges. The steamer will sail for Jamaica again to-day.

Bishop Whitaker, of the diocese of Pennsylvania, yesterday celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of his consecration in Philadelphia, and was presented with a purse of \$5,000.

The Czar continues to lose strength, and his physicians say that he may die at any moment. Notwithstanding his intense suffering, he continued to attend to State business until very recently.

In Washington yesterday "Mike" Dwyer, the well-known turfman, announced that he was anxious to be any part of \$50,000, at odds of 2 to 5, that Hill will be the next Governor of New York.

The fire loss in the United States during the past year amounted to \$168,000,000. The number of fires was 35,188, and the amount the fire insurance companies were called upon to pay was \$106,000,000.

During the proceedings of the Lexow investigating committee in New York yesterday Commissioner Sheehan was accused by Mr. Goff, the prosecutor, of being a defaulter, whereupon Mr. Sheehan called Mr. Goff a liar.

There will be no further change in the German government for the present, says a Commercial Cable dispatch from Berlin, because of the jealousy of the Prussian nobility at the fact that three high places have been given to south Germans.

A. O. Bason, H. G. Turner, L. F. Garrard and Patrick Walsh, candidates for the United States Senate from Georgia, made speeches before the Legislature this week. It is expected that a deadlock will ensue and that Speaker Crisp may be elected.

The heavy rains of the last few days have caused floods in the north of France. In the departments of Pas de Calais and the Nord thousands of acres are under water. Many villages have been rendered uninhabitable and hundreds of peasants have been driven from their farms.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Mr. Peter Winchester Rouns, son of Mr. Chas. Broadway Rouns, and Miss Ellie Swan, daughter of Mr. John Swan, of the firm of Swan & Son. The groom is nineteen years of age and the bride seventeen. The marriage ceremony was performed in the Church of Our Lady of Victory, in Brooklyn, in the presence of the parents of the bride and groom and a few invited friends.

Fauquier Notes.

The Methodistists have nearly completed a beautiful church building at Paris. Dr. Henry Frost and Miss Margaret Johnson were married in Warrenton on Tuesday.

A mad dog bit a number of other dogs in the neighborhood of The Plains a few days ago.

Mrs. John W. Delaplane died near Paris Friday night and was buried Sunday near Backland. She had been an invalid for many years.

Fire at Marshall Monday at 2 a. m., destroyed J. M. Ramey's stables and corn house, carriages and buggy and a quantity of corn and salt and other property.

Mr. R. Hunter Dulany recently sold three fine horses to "Uncle Sam" at good prices. Mr. D. has horses of all grades from the Cleveland bays down to Shetland ponies.

Mrs. Eliza Metcalf Hampton, widow of the late Thomas R. Hampton, deceased, daughter of the late James S. Pickett deceased who were, many years ago, prominent and well-known citizens of Fauquier, died on Sunday, October 21st, at the residence of her son, F. T. Hampton, in Chattanooga, Tenn., in the 90th year of her age.—Warrenton Virginia.

THE TRANSIT OF MERCURY.—One of the earth's sister planets, Mercury, the smallest of them all—not counting the asteroids—will be seen crossing the sun's disc in the form of a round black dot on Saturday, November 10. This phenomenon is called a transit of Mercury, and it will be carefully watched by astronomers in all parts of America and western Europe.

The transit will begin about five minutes before 11 o'clock in the forenoon. East of the meridian, and will end about twenty minutes after 4. Mercury will first be seen with the aid of a telescope, looking like a notch in the eastern edge of the sun.

As it advances its entire circular disc will appear intensely black against the brilliant back ground. Slowly it will cross the sun, considerably north of the centre, and will finally pass off the northwestern edge, disappearing from human ken until a week or ten days later, when it will reappear as a morning star, rising just before the sun.

This transit of Mercury will be the last for the nineteenth century. The total number of such transits during the century will then have been 13. The transits always occur within two or three days of the 7th of May or the 9th of November.—Youth's Companion.

RIOTOUS OYSTERMEN.—Oyster inspector James Bonnell arrived at Newport News Tuesday night at one o'clock and called upon Captain J. E. Williams, commandant of the Huntingdon Rifles, for assistance to quell a riot at Mechuville, eight miles from there. Bonnell attempted to arrest a number of colored oystermen for violating the Virginia oyster law. When assisted by Policemen W. J. Smith and W. W. Davis, he attempted to arrest the law-breakers, pistols and knives were produced with astonishing rapidity, and the officers barely escaped from the building with their lives. The militia arrived at the scene at daybreak yesterday morning, and after surrounding the camp, compelled the negroes to surrender. Davis received a painful wound at the hands of one of the negroes, who struck him with a pair of scales. The rioters were lodged in Warwick county jail, in Newport News, yesterday.

At an investigation held by Justice W. T. Moss yesterday afternoon James Green, B. A. Cook, Whitfield Dockery and Thomas Slaughter were refused bail, and were sent to jail to await the action of the next grand jury. The other cases will be heard to-day.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

Mr. P. H. McCaull, the republican candidate for Congress in this district, spoke at the Opera House last night. The hall was crowded and the audience was about equally divided as to color. Many democrats were present, attracted by Mr. McCaull's reputation as a good stump speaker. That he is an entertaining speaker no one can deny, but in all candor can it be said that not an argument that he advanced last night on the present issues of the day—the tariff, &c.—but could have been riddled by any intelligent man in the audience.

The meeting was called to order shortly after 8 o'clock by Mr. Park Agnew who, in a very few remarks, introduced Mr. McCaull as the republican candidate for Congress and who he believed would be a winner. On the stage were Messrs. F. A. Reid, L. W. Spear, Thomas Burroughs, Chas. King, F. E. White, Lewis McKenzie, F. E. Corbett, Y. T. Brown, of Loudoun; B. Callender White, of Washington, and T. D. Gambrill.

Mr. McCaull commenced his speech by saying he regretted Mr. Meredith was not present to divide time with him and offered to divide time with any substitute Mr. Meredith might have in the hall. He then read an extract from a speech Mr. Meredith made in Washington on Monday night last in which Mr. Meredith had ridiculed the idea of Pat McCaull running for Congress in a district which had produced such men as Washington, Madison, Lee and others, and said that though he was not a descendant of a Washington or a Lee, he was the son of a mechanic and had the same right to run for Congress as had Mr. Meredith. Mr. McCaull had said he did not intend to speak to the prejudices of his audience, but five minutes afterwards he began to use such appeals and kept them up through the evening. He said he had been a democrat, when he had learned better now and was a republican and hoped his former democratic friends would do as he had done. He then discussed the tariff and advocated protection, holding that protection was the pre-requisite of prosperity and without it America would go to perdition. He said not a half dozen persons in the audience paid any of the tariff tax because every thing they used was made in this country. Alexandria, he contended, would go ahead if protection prevailed and the people of the city would abandon the democratic party and vote the republican ticket. He intimated that if he was sent to Congress he would get several millionaires to come to this city and had everything to be lived. He admitted that Mr. Meredith had done well so far as getting appropriations through Congress for this district, but said he would do better and that if elected he would favor the passage of a bill for a new \$100,000 postoffice in this city and pass it, too. Reverting to the tariff, he set forth what protection had done for the people of this country during thirty years of republican rule and said it was only when the democrats got control that the people lost confidence and then the hard times had commenced and had continued since. He then condemned the new State election law; said it was an outrage to require a man who, through misfortune, could not read, to have to expose his ignorance, and trust to a constable to fix his ballot before he could vote; said he would hunt down and send to the penitentiary any election officer who undertook to defraud him at the polls, and then told his name on the ticket. He closed by saying the presence of such a large and intelligent audience was a great compliment to him, which he heartily appreciated, and invited any of those present, should they ever come to Culpeper, to visit him, promising them a hearty welcome. Mr. McCaull is very strong, press for applause, has a good delivery and flow of words, and, as stated above, is a very interesting speaker, but before a deliberative body of intelligent men his arguments would certainly not be considered either forcible or convincing. Many of his statements last night were entirely incorrect, and, like all democrats who have turned republicans, his speech abounded with dogmatical utterances. In several instances his remarks reflected on the intelligence of his audience, and Mr. McCaull evidently presumed on the credulity of many of his hearers.

WEDDINGS.—Mr. W. A. Coleman, of Richmond, and Miss Annie L. Gravatt, daughter of Mrs. George Gravatt, were married in Fredericksburg yesterday evening.

The marriage of Mr. C. B. Stokes, of King George county, and Miss Annie Hayden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Hayden, took place at the residence of the bride's parents in Fredericksburg last night.

Miss Clara Randolph, daughter of the late Major Innes Randolph, was married in Baltimore yesterday to Mr. Thos. Harrison Symington, son of Mr. W. Stuart Symington.

Miss Lillian Theresa Gould was married yesterday to Mr. Alfred E. Glascock, of Washington, at the home of the bride's parents in Baltimore.

THE SANCTIFIED BAND.—The October term of the Accomack County Court, which began last Monday, promises to be one of the most notable and interesting for many years. The indictments have been found against the Wright brothers for murder in the first degree, and their trial has been set for the November term. Five of the leaders of the Sanctified Band, on Chincoteague Island, have been indicted for conspiracy in separating wives from husbands and for being a public nuisance. Their trial will begin on Friday, and will probably last for a week, as there are nearly 100 witnesses to be examined, and the case promises to be spicy.

The full name of the soon-to-be bride of the Czarwitsch of Russia is Alix Victoria Helene Louise Beatrix. She is the daughter of Louis IV, Grand Duke of Hesse-Darmstadt, and was 22 years old last June. Her mother was Queen Victoria's favorite daughter, Alice Maud, who died in 1878.

A small house on the farm of Henry A. Williams, in Clarke county, was burned Saturday night, and Nathan Tate, colored, and two of his grand children perished in the flames.

Mr. Morton Maddox died at his home near Little River, Loudoun county, on Friday last, after a brief illness of typhoid fever.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 1.—The American Board has received a message by cable from Turkey, reporting a great fire at Hadjin, in which 2,000 people are thrown into distress. Hadjin is a town situated in the Taurus mountains to the north of the plain of Cilicia, where the American Board has been carrying on missionary work for a number of years. Four missionaries are stationed at that point and two churches have been gathered, having a membership of 200. There is maintained a high school for boys with 25 pupils, a boarding school for girls with 78 pupils and four common schools with about 300 pupils.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Count Eudo Stolberg has been appointed Prussian minister of agriculture, domains and forests, to succeed Herr Von Heyden-Cadow, whose resignation was announced yesterday.

Dr. Miquel, formerly Prussian minister of finance, now president of the council, will give a dinner to Chancellor Prince Von Hohenlohe on Saturday, to which all of the ministers and secretaries of State have been invited. Ex-Chancellor von Caprivi was also invited, but he declined the invitation and has gone to Basel.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—The arrest of Captain Alfred Dreyfus, of the general staff, yesterday, on the charge of treason and espionage, on behalf of the triple alliance, has caused a great sensation. The captain was attached to the organizing and mobilizing department of the general staff and in this capacity had access to some of the most important documents relating to the plans for mobilizing the French army in case of war. Captain Dreyfus is said to have been an Italian officer, who is believed to have been a secret agent of the Italian government, with the plans for the mobilization of the Fifteenth Army Corps. It is the general opinion that Captain Dreyfus will be shot after the formality of a court martial has been gone through with.

From China.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—A Central News dispatch from Tien Tsin says that Generals Wei and Yeh, who were recently disgraced for cowardice at Ping Yang, have arrived at Tientsin, but are afraid to proceed to Peking because of the anger of the Emperor.

The Japanese have placed three bridges across the Yalu river and 15,000 Japanese soldiers are reported to be in China.

A dispatch from Chee-Foo says that Admiral Fremantle, commanding the British fleet, has returned from Tien-Tsin, where he paid a visit to Li Hung Chang. The viceroy gravely offered to buy the Centurion and three other warships of the British squadron. When the admiral explained that the sale of the vessels would be impossible the viceroy persisted in his offer. The Chinese imagine that Admiral Fremantle is holding off for a higher price.

The Chinese fleet left Wai-hai-wei October 24th and a naval engagement is expected at any time. There are only four foreigners among the officers and men who man the Chinese fleet.

Bloody Affairs.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 1.—A fatal cutting and shooting affair took place yesterday on a ranch near Laverne. Gus Peck was horribly slashed about the legs, Will McKay was stabbed just below the heart, Samuel Valebroos was cut across the left arm and the arteries severed, while Marios Pena was stabbed in the left and shot in the right side. It is thought that three of the men will die.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Nov. 1.—Yesterday Thomas N. Appleby and his son on one side and Joseph Walton on the other, engaged in a fight, and as a result, Walton lies dying at the hospital. Walton was separated from his wife by Appleby, who left his own wife and married Mrs. Walton and then left her. Walton yesterday opened fire on Appleby and his son who replied with shotguns, fatally wounding Walton.

THE NEW JERSEY SENATORSHIP. New York, Nov. 1.—Franklin Murphy, chairman of the republican State committee of New Jersey, has decided to become a candidate for United States Senator against General Sewell. The general impression is that it will be difficult for Sewell to overcome the unexpected opposition, and that he may not be able to avert defeat.

As a passenger train on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad, pulled out of the station at New Albany, Miss., at one o'clock this morning, three masked men jumped on the engine and commanded the engineer to stop the train when it had reached a point half a mile from the station. The engineer and firemen were compelled to break open the door of the express car with a coal pick. Conductor Leonard went forward to investigate, but on being shot at he fled back to the coaches. Entrance was effected into the express car and Messenger Genette was forced to hand out the contents of the safe. The robbers then backed out of the car and made off. All that the robbers secured was a five-dollar package of jewelry. The express company will, however, make an effort to catch the party, who are supposed to be farmers living in that vicinity.

Fire started in the Hotel Ontario, at Ontario Beach, near Rochester, N. Y., last night. The flames spread rapidly and the tenants only escaped with their lives.

Ex-President Harrison spoke at a large republican meeting in New York last night at which Mr. Morton, the republican candidate for Governor of that State, presided. He denounced the Wilson bill and Tammany and praised his own party. Mr. Morton also made a short speech.

DEATH OF THE CZAR.

LIVADIA, Nov. 1.—The Czar died at 1:30 p. m. At noon the action of his heart began to enfeeble rapidly. About half past one unconsciousness supervened, and the action of the heart became scarcely perceptible until its pulsations ceased altogether.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—Dispatches received from Livadia say the Czar died shortly before 2 o'clock. The news created a sensation here and aroused a general feeling of sorrow.

Alexander III., Emperor of All the Russias, who succeeded to the throne on the murder of his father by nihilist conspirators on March 13, 1881, was born March 10, 1845. His coronation took place at Moscow May 27, 1883. He married, in 1886, Mary Feodorovna (formerly Mary Sophia Frederica Dagmar), daughter of Christian IX., of Denmark, and sister of the Princess of Wales and the King of Greece. From the beginning of his reign periodical attempts upon his life were made by the nihilists. Twice officers in his own army tried to shoot him. In 1888 he and his family narrowly escaped death in a railway accident, near Borki. The train was thrown from the track and many passengers were killed, but the imperial party were hardly injured. The derauling of the train was supposed to be the work of nihilists. Last spring a plot was formed in Finland, to blow up the castle which the Czar was expected to occupy, during the fall, at Smolensk. The Czar was deeply religious. He was under the influence of such bigots as Pobodonosoff, attorney general of the Holy Synod and his group and persecuted the Jews, Catholics and German Lutherans in Russia without cessation or mercy. He inherited with his minister of foreign affairs, Prince Gortchakoff, a strong prejudice against the Germans. The Czar left five children, the Crown Prince Nicholas, 27 years old, the Grand Duke George, now ill in the south of Russia; the Grand Duchesses Xenia and Olga and the Grand Duke Michael, a boy in his teens.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the police during several days past have made a large number of arrests of nihilists as the result of the discovery of a plot against the life of the Czarwitsch.

In Memoriam.

[From the Richmond Dispatch.] If there is any human relationship holier than that which binds a Christian minister and his people, it has never been revealed to our experience; and when that minister has been a faithful pastor, and that relationship has endured through long years of varied and loving and tender service; when the minister has been a true friend to his people, and mothers, married the men and women of our generation, and baptized our children; when, as a good shepherd, he has led and fed a grateful and nurtured as well the lambs as the sheep of his flock—then, when God calls such a minister home, the sorrow which we have in it is much of Heaven and the very best of earth.

More than this can scarcely be said of any Christian ministry, yet more than this must be said fitly to portray the life and service of one so good and true, and beloved of his people, and mourn to-day. Every man has about him more or less that is individual and characteristic, but it is not too much to say that Dr. McMINNIGROE, both in personality and in history, was one of the marked men of this generation.

In him were blended the simplicity of childhood, the passion of youth, the strength of manhood, the glory of age, the tenderness of woman, the culture of the scholar, the courage of the hero, the chivalry of the paladin, the constancy of the martyr, the zeal of the apostle, the charity of the Christian.

Of the best blood of Germany—five years of his youth a political prisoner in his native land—political exile casting his lot, his love, his faith, his life with us—diverted not for a moment, but entering immediately and resolutely upon that life's work as a teacher, a college professor, a Christian minister, for more than a generation pastor of St. Paul's Church, and—such a ministry, such a pastor.

Four years of bloody war in the capital of an infant nation begun with armies, shrouding with the muffled thunder of artillery, devastated by fire, the devoted President of the Confederacy and the peerless commander-in-chief of his armies his parishioners, ministering the Holy Communion to the comfort of the President, now, in his turn, a political prisoner in a dungeon in his native land; founder and builder of sweet charities; president of Bible societies; pouring forth from a pulpit now and ever his shining memorial sermon, now, in his turn, a political prisoner, and all these years entering into the experiences of his people, their burdens and blessings, their joys and sorrows, with a self-forgetful sympathy and a genius for consolation such as we have never found in any other human soul.

In view of all this, and of much more that cannot be expressed in words, and because, for him, God hath "turned the shadow of death into the morning" &c., therefore, by the vestry of his own dear church, be it

Resolved, 1. That we give glory to God who hath given such grace unto him.

2. That we praise and bless His Holy name for the consecrated and beautiful life of His servant among this people, for his unflinching love and his devoted service to this city and to this church.

3. That we beseech the members of St. Paul's congregation, and exhort our own souls also, to follow our beloved father and friend (even as he hath followed Christ).

4. That while sorrowing with his beloved and loved family, we yet congratulate them that the record of such a life has closed and is now become their precious and priceless heritage and inspiration; and especially do we pray God to comfort and sustain and gently to lead her, who, beyond all others, must feel the sundering of such ties and the loss of such companionship.

5. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of Dr. Minnigro and a copy furnished the Southern Churchman for publication.

By the vestry of St. Paul's Church, Wm. C. BENTLEY, Registrar.

EARLY JUNE PEAS Honey Dred Corn and the cheaper grades for sale by H. C. WALLACE, 900 King st.

A FULL LINE OF COMFORTS at very low prices at AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S.

A FRESH supply of BUNFORD'S YEAST POWDER just received by J. C. MILBURN.

CALICOES, fast colors, light and dark colors, 5c a yard up AM. B. SLAYMAKER'S.

A LOT OF CLEVELYOT NEGLEGEE SHIRTS, two collars with each, just received by AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

EVAPORATED CALIFORNIA APPLICOTTS, 1894 crop, received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

A PRETTY assortment of SUMMER DUCKS for dresses, at AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S.

SCREEN DOORS, Window Screens, Fly Traps, Dog Muzzles and Fly Fans at JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS.

BATISTE, fine quality, beautiful styles and fast colors reduced to 6c at AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

TRY OUR NO. 1 SANTOS COFFEE—very fine. ROBERTSON & BRO.

SMALL FAT MACKEREL, new received to-day by J. C. MILBURN.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Four men held up a street car on Pauline street, Chicago, last evening and robbed a passenger of a large diamond pin.

The wife of T. H. Wicks, second vice president of the Pullman Palace Car Co., has brought suit for divorce on the ground of extreme cruelty.

The dead body of Horace Clark, who had been missing for several days from Peoria, Ills., was fished from the waters of the Illinois river yesterday.

A. E. Johnson, one of the largest coal operators in the Hocking Valley, prophesies the most serious labor troubles Ohio has ever known as soon as lake navigation closes.

Gallus Mueller, chief clerk at the northern Illinois State prison in Joliet, committed suicide this morning at his residence in that city, by shooting himself through the heart.

Senator David B. Hill arrived in New York city from Newburgh this morning and went immediately to the democratic State headquarters, where he was in consultation with the party managers until about 1 o'clock. At that hour he left for Albany. He will speak several times a day from now until Tuesday. He will vote in Albany on Tuesday and will receive the election returns at the executive chamber with Gov. Flower.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—11 a. m.—The stock market after the opening showed more strength and a general advance in prices took place. American sugar was the most active stock, rising to 85½, but the wheat market the greatest improvement. At 11 o'clock the market was steady in tone.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 1.—Virginia Century 58½-59½.

Alexandria Market, November 1.

Business in the wholesale commercial markets is reported more liberal in volume, but prices are without material change. Flour is steady, and receipts are fully equal to the current demand, as jobbing traders do not seem willing to anticipate their wants. Wheat ranges from 48 for common to 53 for prime longberry. Old Corn 53 to 55, new 48 to 51. Rye is scarce and active at 48 to 54. Oats are easy in sympathy with the decline in Corn—34 to 37, better for choice white, both in car load lots. Country Produce, Provisions and Groceries are firm.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Flour—State and Western dull and quiet; Southern quiet and weak; common to fair extra \$2 10a 30c; good to choice do \$3 10a 30c. Rye Flour quiet and steady; superfine \$2 60a 20c. Wheat—No 2 red quiet and firm; 3c up. Do 55 15-16a 50a. Rye nominal; Western 56½-57. Corn—No 2 red and firm; No 2 yellow 56½-57. Oats—No 2 dull and steady; State 33½-34; No 2 white 36-37; State 36a 39; Western 36a 39. Pork moderate demand and steady; mess \$13 75 to \$14 50; extra prime nominal. Lard quiet and easy; steam rendered \$7 30.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 1.—Flour—dull and unchanged. Wheat steady; No 2 red spot and No 2 54½-55½; May 59½. Rye 59½; bid; steamer No 2 red 51½; milling wheat by sample 55½. Corn steady; mixed year 52½-53½; Jan 51½ bid; southern white corn 50½-51; do yellow 47½-48. Oats firm; No 2 white Western 34½ ask; do No 2 mixed 32. Rye quiet. Rye slow; No 2 53a 54. Hay quiet and steady; good to choice Timothy \$12 00 to \$12 50. Coffee quiet; No 7 15. Sugar steady; granulated \$13.33.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Wheat—Nov 51½; Dec 52½; May 57½-57¾. Corn—Nov 52½; Dec 51½; May 50½. Oats—Nov 28½; Dec 29½; May 32½-33. Pork—Jan 11 80; Mar 11 80; May 11 80. Sugar—Nov 11 80; Mar 11 80; May 11 80.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

By virtue of two certain